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Promotionszentrum  
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Dissertation title: *"Possibilities for Integrating a Virtual Controller into a Production Environment with High Requirements for Real-Time and Functional Safety"*

***Establishing Trust in Multi-Virtual Machine-Environments: VM Status Legitimization for Industry 4.0***

DOI: [10.1109/DCOSS-IoT65416.2025.00067](https://doi.org/10.1109/DCOSS-IoT65416.2025.00067)

***Virtualization in Industrial Production - A Survey Focusing on Virtual and Virtualized Industrial Controls***

DOI: [10.1109/ETFA61755.2024.10710668](https://doi.org/10.1109/ETFA61755.2024.10710668)

***Comparison of Implementation Options for Control Systems in the Energy Sector: Safety Requirements, Efficiency, and Effectiveness at Centralized and Decentralized Levels [German]***

DOI: [10.1365/s40702-024-01091-2](https://doi.org/10.1365/s40702-024-01091-2)

***Extended kernel density estimation for anomaly detection in streaming data***

DOI: [10.1016/j.procir.2022.09.065](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.procir.2022.09.065)

***Load Profile Cycle Recognition for Industrial DC Microgrids with Energy Storage Systems***

DOI: [10.1109/isie45063.2020.9152432](https://doi.org/10.1109/isie45063.2020.9152432)

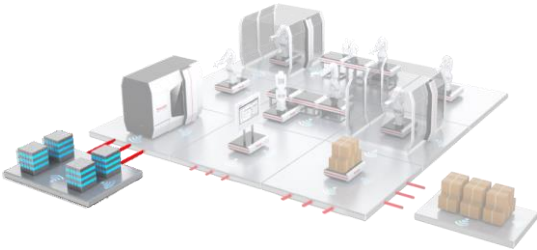
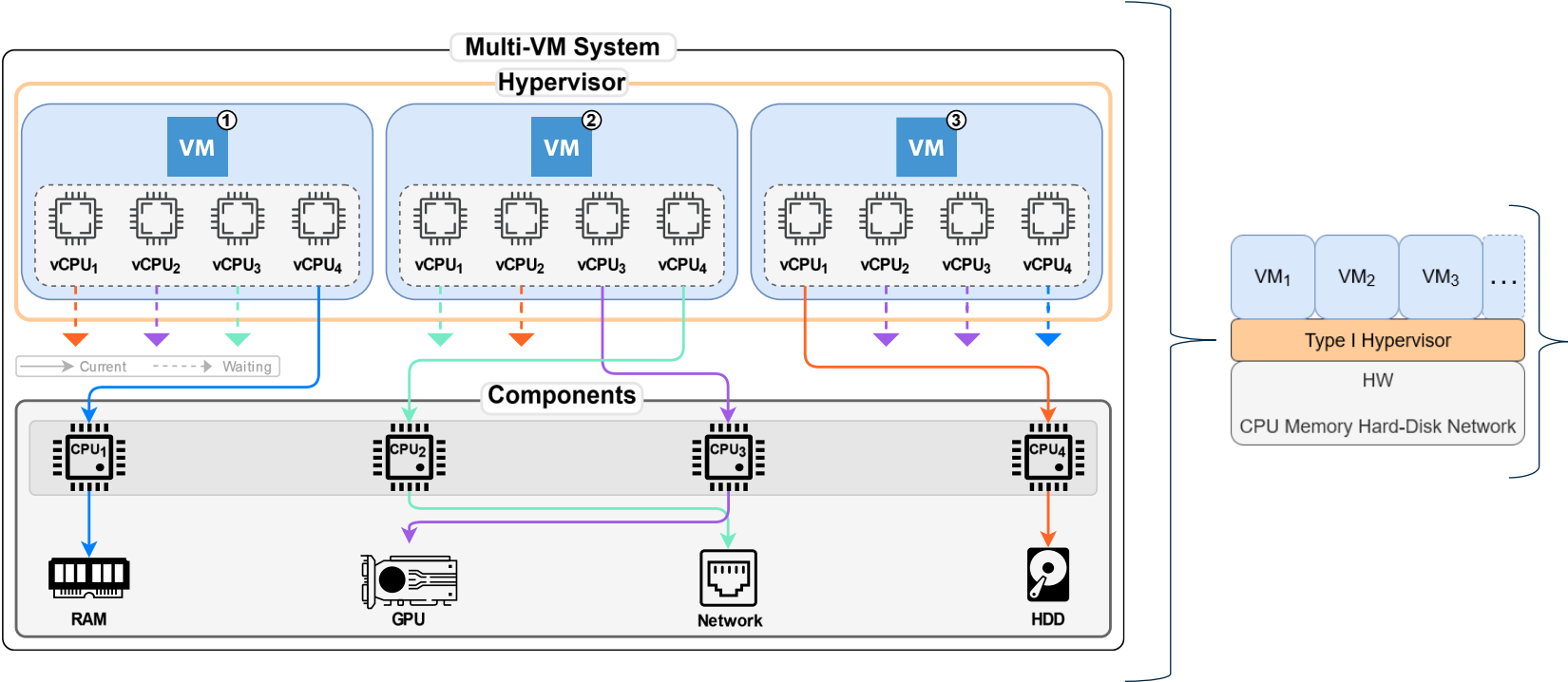
# An Interference-Aware vCPU Scheduling Framework for Paravirtualized Real-Time Industrial Control Systems

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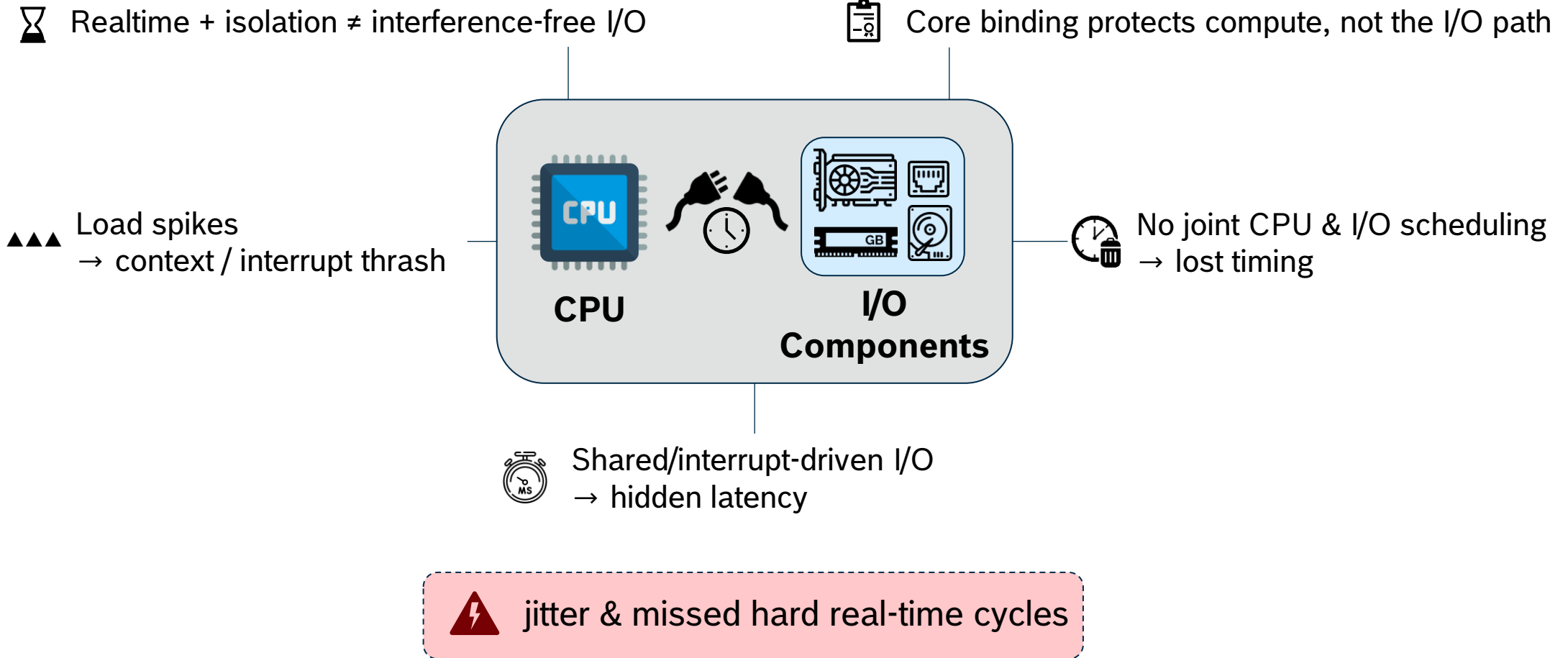
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# Multi-VM-System



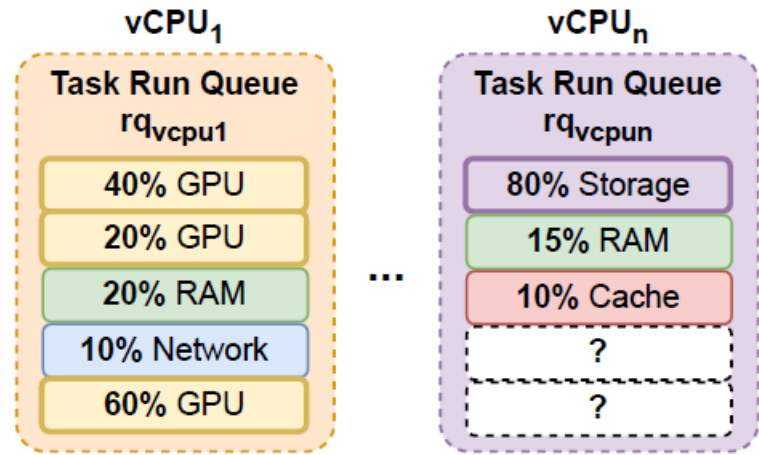
Picture: <https://www.boschrexroth.com/en/hu/industries/industry-4-0-solutions/techtalk/>

# Shortcomings and Interference Issues

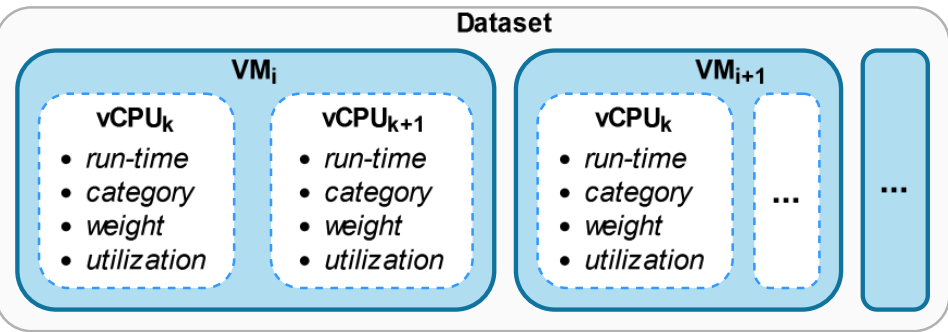


# Interference-Aware Scheduling via Paravirtualized VM Profiling

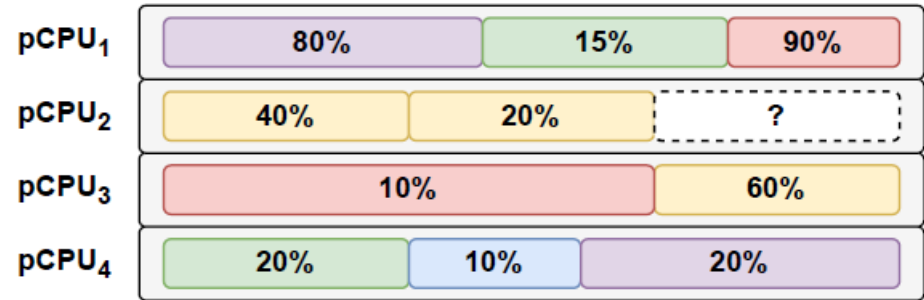
## 1 Classification



X% = I/O Utilization, Color = I/O Category



## 2 Scheduling



X% = I/O Utilization, Color = I/O Category

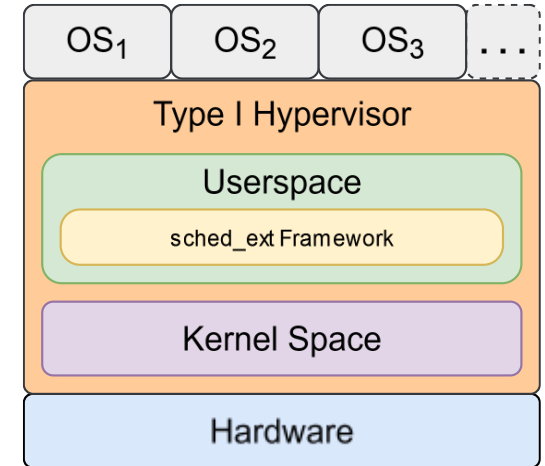
# Integration into Virtualized Environments

 **Integration Layer**      Kernel Integration      sched\_ext Framework

 **Operation Mode**      Stand Alone      Refinement

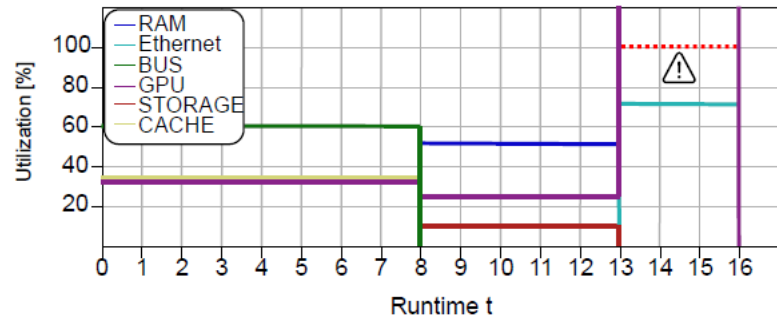
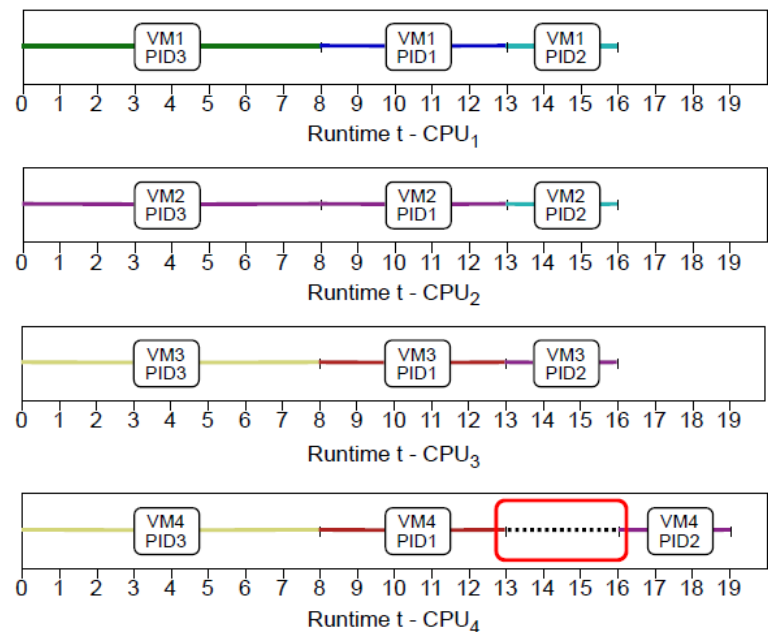
 **Transparency / Telemetry**      compact run-queue summaries via hypercall / paravirtual channel

 **Overhead**      only on vCPU ready events



# Scenario Overview and Scheduling Behavior

## Only Greedy



GPU utilization over 100%  
not possible

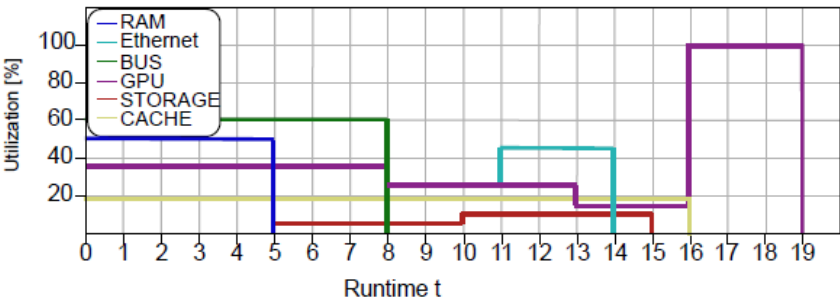
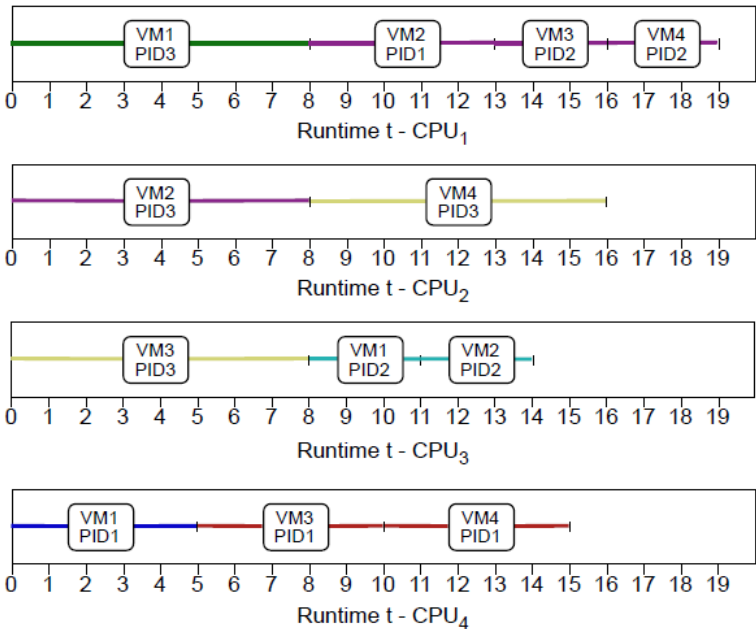


Idle Time during the  
waiting period



Plan I/O utilization  
during scheduling

## Interference-awareness



# Quantitative Metrics and Performance Comparison



## Flatter I/O utilization over time

- Avg **ETHERNET**: 12.35% → 10.5% ( $\approx -15\%$ )
- Avg **CACHE**: 16.0% → 13.6% ( $\approx -15\%$ )



## Lower peak loads

- Max **ETHERNET**: 70% → 45% ( $-36\%$ )
- Max **CACHE**: 34% → 17% ( $-50\%$ )
- Max **STORAGE**: ↓ by  $\sim 33\%$



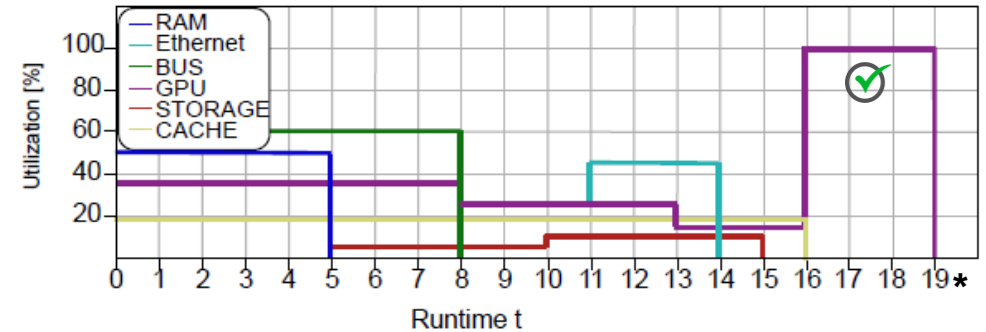
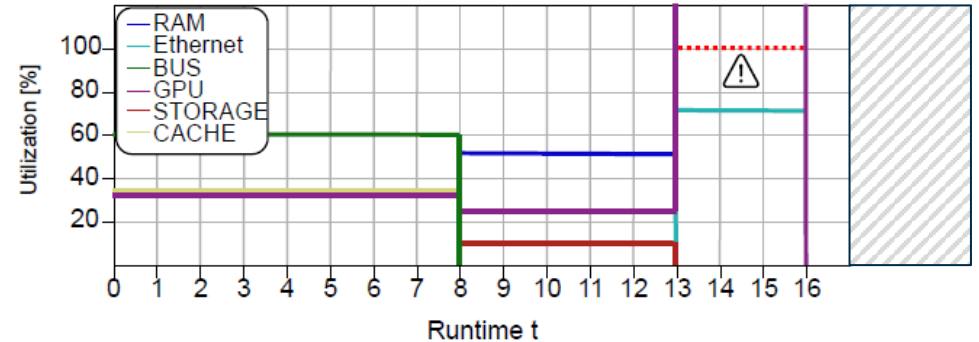
## Optimization

### → No overloads after optimization

- **GPU** peaks up to 113% → **<100%** at all times

### → CPU load distribution

- Per-core loads more differentiated (by design)



\* Slightly staggered core finish times in synthetic test; irrelevant with continuous workloads



# Implications for Industrial Deployments



**Predictable cycles**  
*Safety-ready I/O*



**Deterministic timing**  
*Smooth utilization*



**Lean sizing**  
*Simpler verification*



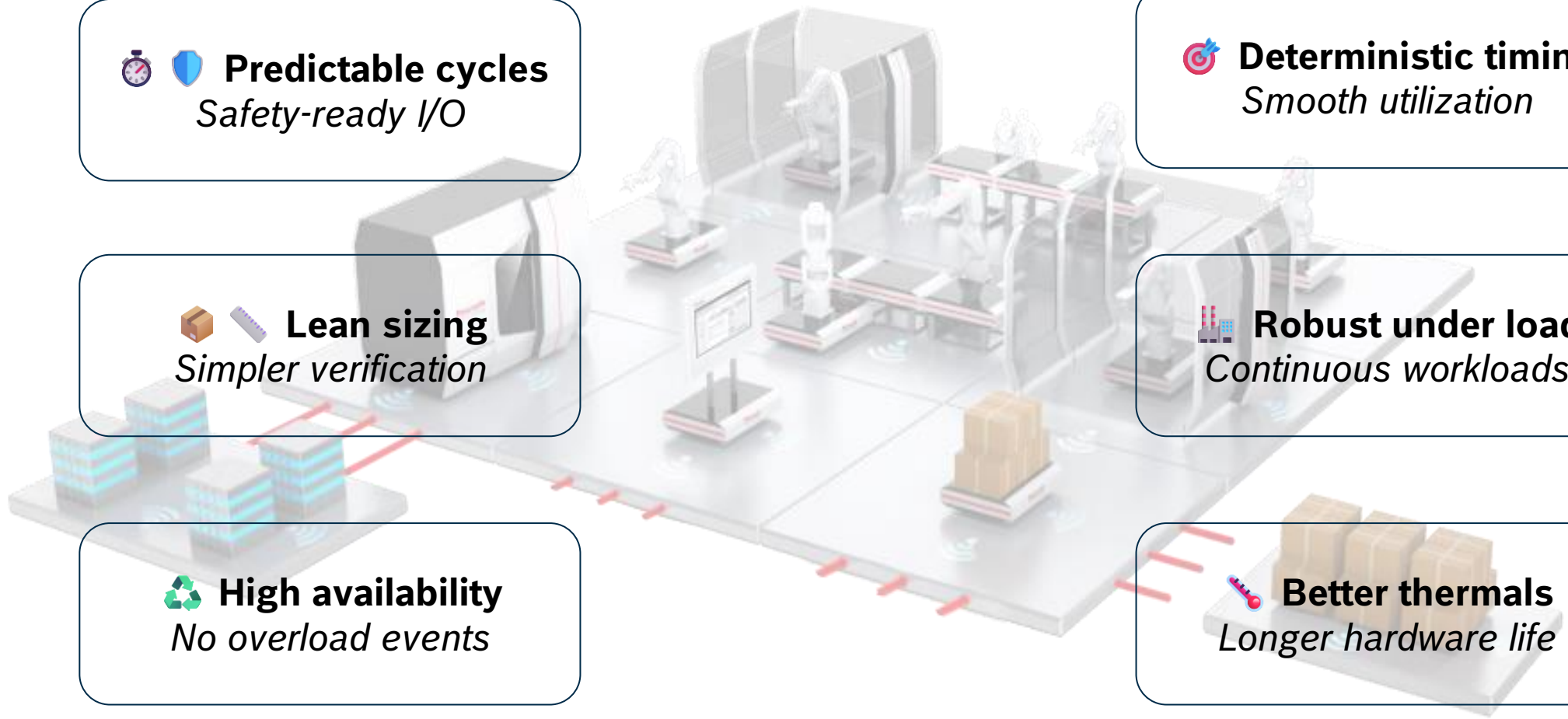
**Robust under load**  
*Continuous workloads*



**High availability**  
*No overload events*



**Better thermals**  
*Longer hardware life*



# Takeaways and Future Research



## Takeaways

- **Interference-aware vCPU scheduling:** classify by dominant I/O and avoid co-running same classes to reduce contention.
- **Steadier resource use:** utilization is more even, peak stress is damped, and components stay below saturation.
- **More predictable timing:** reduced jitter and fewer cycle-time violations for real-time control loops.
- **Balanced CPU load:** distribution across cores improves; small per-core finish differences are non-critical in continuous workloads.
- **Lightweight integration:** works standalone or as a refinement to existing RT schedulers with minimal guest telemetry.



## Future Research

- Kernel-level implementation & field validation
- Adaptive, criticality-aware policies
- Joint CPU/I-O coordination
- Operational impacts on energy, thermals, etc.
- Tooling & resilience

# Thank you!

# Any questions?

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